

## Ph.D. Entrance Test

# Sample Paper (Management & Commerce)

Total Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

#### PART - A

Each question carries 1 Mark in this section.

 $[1 \times 50 = 50]$ 

- 1. A descriptive measure of a sample is called
  - A. Sample
  - B. Parameter
  - C. Universe
  - D. Statistics
- 2. Quantities which can take all numerical values within a certain interval is called....
  - A. Continuous Variables
  - B. Discrete Variables
  - C. Simple Variable
  - D. None of the above
- 3. Measures of central tendency have greater effect of extreme value is....
  - A. Median
  - B. Mode
  - C. Arithmetic Mean
  - D. All of the above
- 4. When the correlation coefficient is 0.9 then it is termed as....
  - A. High positive correlation
  - B. Perfect positive correlation
  - C. Both A and B are applicable
  - D. Low positive correlation
- 5. Among the following is not a suitable example of positive correlation
  - A. Height and weights
  - B. Family income and expenditure
  - C. Price and demand of a commodity
  - D. Price and supply



- 6. The function of hypothesis is not.....
  - A. To give a definite point of investigation
  - B. To contribute to the development of theory
  - C. To validate the research variables
  - D. To Determines most appropriate technique of analysis
- 7. The critical value at 5% level of significance at two tailed test is
  - A. 2.58
  - B. 1.96
  - C. 1.64
  - D. 0.99
- 8. The qualitative research from among the following is.....
  - A. Experimental research
  - B. Case study research
  - C. Survey research
  - D. Descriptive research
- 9. The elements of a research proposal?
  - A. Conclusion, methodology, data analysis
  - B. Introduction, problem statement, hypothesis
  - C. Literature review, finding, limitations
  - D. Data collection, results, discussion
- 10. The type of validity is concerned with the degree to which a test measures what it claims to measure?
  - A. Content validity
  - B. Construct validity
  - C. Face validity
  - D. Criterion validity
- 11. The probability sampling is......
  - A. Non-random selection of elements
  - B. Random selection of elements
  - C. Purposeful selection of elements
  - D. Ignoring sampling altogether
- 12. If mean of 7 observations is 25 and if 8<sup>th</sup> observation is 9 then the mean of all 8 observations would be.....
  - A. 24
  - B. 25
  - C. 26
  - D. 23
- 13. Which of the following statements is true?
  - A. It is only the null hypothesis that can be tested
  - B. It is only the alternative hypothesis that can be tested
  - C. Both null as well as alternative hypotheses can be tested
  - D. Neither the null nor the alternative hypothesis can be tested



- 14. Bibliography given in the research report.....
  - A. helps those interested in further research, to gain in-depth knowledge
  - B. Shows the vast knowledge of the researcher
  - C. Makes report authentic
  - D. Shows the hard work done by the researcher
- 15. Which of the following is a limitation of using computer in research?
  - A. It is accurate, fast and has storage capacity
  - B. It performs statistical analysis for the researcher
  - C. It needs to be instructed to avoid misleading results
  - D. It has versatile functions
- 16. Plagiarism is.....
  - A. Submitting some other's work as of your own
  - B. Submitting your own previously published work
  - C. Both of the Above
  - D. None of these
- 17. Hypotheses is......
  - A. The outcome of an experiment
  - B. A conclusion drawn from an experiment
  - C. A form of bias in which the subject tries to outguess the experimenter.
  - D. A tentative statement about the relationship
- 18. According to Maslow's hierarchy of needs, which need is considered the highest level of motivation?
  - A. Physiological needs
  - B. Safety needs
  - C. Social needs
  - D. Self-actualization needs
- 19. In a centralized organizational structure, where is decision-making authority concentrated?
  - A. Among lower-level employees
  - B. Among all employees
  - C. At the top levels of management
  - D. At every level of management
- 20. What is the purpose of human resource planning in organizations?
  - A. Ensuring compliance with labor laws
  - B. Identifying job vacancies in the organization
  - C. Anticipating and meeting future HR needs
  - D. Reducing employee turnover



- 21. What is the purpose of a 360-degree performance appraisal?
  - A. Evaluating only the supervisor's perspective
  - B. Evaluating employees from multiple perspectives, including self-assessment
  - C. Focusing on employees' technical skills only
  - D. Assessing only quantitative performance metrics
- 22. The Net Present Value (NPV) criterion in capital budgeting used for?
  - A. Ranking projects based on their profitability
  - B. Evaluating projects based on their payback period
  - C. ignoring the time value of money
  - D. Assessing projects based on their accounting rate of return?
- 23. Mother Dairy created separate segments with its low-calorie ice cream. This is an example of......Segmentation.
  - A. Benefit
  - B. Usage based
  - C. Purchase occasion
  - D. Attitude
- 24. PERT stands for.....
  - A. Program Evaluation and Rate Technology
  - B. Program Evaluation and Robot Technique
  - C. Program Evaluation and Robot Technology
  - D. Program Evaluation and Review Technique
- 25. What does present value take?
  - A. Compounding rate
  - B. Inflation rate
  - C. Deflation rate
  - D. Discounting rate
- 26. The objective of wealth maximization takes into consideration:
  - A. Risk related to uncertainty of returns
  - B. Timing of expected returns
  - C. Amount of returns expected
  - D. All of the above
- 27. Among the following, profit is equals to.....
  - A. Profit = Contribution Fixed cost
  - B. Profit = Fixed Cost + Contribution
  - C. Profit = (Sales X Profit Volume Ration) Total
  - D. Profit = Sales Variable cost
- 28. ..... is the study of managerial aspects of financial accounting
  - A. Cost accounting
  - B. Management accounting
  - C. Forensic accounting
  - D. Costing



- 29. Dumping is......
  - A. Selling the produce below the cost
  - B. Buying the produce below the cost
  - C. Selling the produce at profit
  - D. Buying the produce at profit
- 30. What is the purpose underlying the use of teaching aids?
  - A. To make the lessons interesting
  - B. To capture the student's attention
  - C. To enhance access to technological resources
  - D. To optimize learning outcomes
- 31. Which of the following learner characteristics is highly related to effectiveness of teaching?
  - A. Prior experience of the learner
  - B. Educational status of the parents of the learner
  - C. Peer groups of the learner
  - D. Family size from which the learner comes
- 32. In the two sets given below Set I indicate methods of teaching while Set II provides the basic requirements for success/effectiveness. Match the two sets and indicate your answer by choosing from the code:
- Set I (Method of teaching)
- (a) Lecturing
- (b) Discussion in groups
- (c) Brainstorming
- (d) Programmed

Set – II Instructional procedure (Basic requirements for success/effectiveness)

- (i) Small step presentation with feedback provided
- (ii) Production of large number of ideas
- (iii) Content delivery in a lucid language
- (iv) Use of teaching-aids
- (v) Theme based interaction among participants

### Code:

- (b) (d) (c) (a) (iii) (A) (i) (ii) (iv)(iii) (B) (ii) (iv) (v) (ii) (C) (iii) (i)(v) (i) (iii) (D) (iv) (11)
- 33. Effectiveness of teaching has to be judged in terms of
  - A. Course coverage
  - B. Student's interest
  - C. Learning outcomes of students
  - D. Use of teaching aids in the classroom



- 34. A researcher is interested in studying the prospects of a particular political party in an urban area. What tool should he prefer for the study?
  - A. Rating scale
  - B. Interview
  - C. Questionnaire
  - D. Schedule
- 35. A researcher intends to explore the effect of possible factors for the organization of effective mid-day meal interventions. Which research method will be most appropriate for this study?
  - A. Historical method
  - B. Descriptive survey method
  - C. Experimental method
  - D. Ex-post-facto method
- 36. Which of the following is an initial mandatory requirement for pursuing research?
  - A. Developing a research design
  - B. Formulating a research question
  - C. Deciding about the data analysis procedure
  - D. Formulating a research hypothesis
- 37. In qualitative research paradigm, which of the following features may be considered critical?
  - A. Data collection with standardized research tools
  - B. Sampling design with probability sample techniques
  - C. Data collection which bottom-up empirical evidences
  - D. Data gathering to take place with top-down systematic evidences
- 38. The problem of 'research ethics' is concerned with which aspect of research activities?
  - A. Following the prescribed format of a thesis
  - B. Data analysis through qualitative or quantitative techniques
  - C. Defining the population of research
  - D. Evidence based research reporting
- 39. What are the barriers to effective communication?
  - A. Moralizing, being judgmental and comments of consolation
  - B. Dialogue, summary and self-review
  - C. Use of simple words, cool reaction and defensive attitude
  - D. Personal statements, eye contact and simple narration
- 40. Find the missing number in the following series: 512, 256, 128,?, 32,16,8
  - A. 52
  - B. 61
  - C. 64
  - D. 56



41. Find the missing letters in the following series: AK, EO, IS, ? , QA, UE A. LV B. MW
C. NX
D. LW
<ul> <li>42. Anil after travelling 6 km towards East from his house realized that he has travelled in wrong direction. He turned and travel 12 km towards west, turned right and travelled 8 km to reach his office. The straight distance of the office from his house is: <ul> <li>A. 20 km</li> <li>B. 14 km</li> <li>C. 12 km</li> <li>D. 10 km</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
43. P and Q are brothers. R and S are sisters. The son of P is brother of S. Q is related to
R as: A. Son
B. Brother
C. Uncle
D. Father
<ul> <li>44. The first important step in teaching is</li> <li>A. Planning before hand</li> <li>B. Organizing material to be taught</li> <li>C. Knowing the background of students</li> <li>D. None of the above</li> </ul>
45. Which of the following is an open source software?  A. MS Word
B. Windows
C. Mozilla Firefox
D. acrobat Reader
46. The two main components of an ecosystem are:
A. Plants and animals
B. Biotic and abiotic
C. Earth and its surroundings
D. Macro and micro organisms
47. The main pollutant of Indian coastal water:
A. Oil spills
B. Municipal sewage
C. Industrial effluents
D. Aerosols



- 48. Which of the following pollutants can cause cancer in humans?
  - A. Pesticides
  - B. Mercury
  - C. Lead
  - D. Ozon
- 49. Which of the following phenomena is not a natural hazard?
  - A. Wildfire
  - B. Lightning
  - C. Landslide
  - D. Chemical contamination
- 50. The purpose of value education is best served by focusing on
  - A. Cultural practices prevailing in the society
  - B. Norms of conduct laid down by a social group
  - C. Concern for human values
  - D. Religious and moral practices and instructions.

#### PART - B

This part shall contain five questions, each question carrying ten marks.

[5 X 10 = 50]

- 1) a) Explain nature and scope of managerial economics.
  - b) Explain the India's Business Environment in the today's context.
- 2) a) Explain the role of Management Science in decision-making.
  - b) Explain the different methods of sampling with examples.
- 3) a) Explain the steps in process of research with an appropriate case.
  - b) Explain corporate orientations towards market place.
- 4) a) Bring out the overview of strategic management.
  - b) Explain in brief International financial environment.
- 5) Write short note on:
  - a) Event Marketing
  - b) Objectives if financial management
  - c) Emotional Intelligence
  - d) Global business